Thematic Concepts	Governance & Societal structure, Inva	asion and Settlement, La	inguage and Commi	unication
Disciplinary Concepts	chronology, cause and consequence,	interpretation, similarity	and difference, sig	nificance
Year group	4		Anglo	Savons
Term	Spring term	- Anglo-Saxons		
National Curriculum	Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons			
Prior knowledge	Britain has been invaded and settled a number of times e.g Romans			
	Invaders have left their mark on our country e.g. Roman place names in today's society			
	People have different ways to communicate in order to pass on knowledge/history/culture			
	There are different ways to govern a society e.g. the democracy of Ancient Greece.			
	There are different sources of information.			
Skills progression	Chronological Understanding	Historical knowledge of events of people and changes in the past		<u>Historical enquiry</u>
	Recognise that the past can be divided			Continue to use a wide variety of sources to
	into different periods of time and place	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding		collect information about the past.
	names, dates and significant events	by describing features of past societies and		Understand the difference between primary
	from the past on a timeline.	periods and identify some cultural, religious		and secondary sources of evidence.
	Use specialist dates and terms to talk	and ethnic diversity.		Suggest sources of information to help answer
	about different periods	Give reasons for changes within the time period being studied. Explain how events from the past have helped shape our lives.		questions.
	Interpretations of History		Organisation and communication	
	Give reasons why there may be different accounts of history.		Present findings about the past using speaking, writing, ICT and	
			drawing skills, data handling and drama.	
			Use dates and terms correctly.	
			Discuss the most appropriate way to present information thinking about the audience.	
Topic specific (Sticky) vocabulary	Anglo-Saxon, Invasion, Kingdom, Settl	er, Artefact	,	

Idren know the Anglo-Saxons began to invade and settle in Britain from the 5 th Century after the departure of the Romans. Idren know Anglo-Saxons were groups of many different people from Northern Europe (modern day Denmark, Germany I the Netherlands): the Angles, Saxons and Jutes Idren know why they invaded and then settled from parts of Europe e.g. due to the rise in sea levels, poor farming iditions and tribal wars. Idren know for the majority of the time England wasn't one country – Anglo-Saxon England had different kingdoms- the r main kingdoms were East Anglia, Northumbria, Mercia and Wessex. Children know there were other people in what we we call Britain e.g. Scots and Picts. Idren know Anglo-Saxons lived in small villages near important resources so that they had everything they needed to care farm animals, grow crops and make things to sell. Idren know society was made up of people with different roles/status: king, thanes, ceorls, slaves and women.
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Idren know how society was controlled e.g. Anglo-Saxons introduced common laws across the kingdoms. Anglo-Saxons oduced the wergild to stop blood feuds and loss of men.
ldren understand our modern language has been greatly influenced Anglo-Saxon- including England- land of the Angles.
Idren understand that we know about Anglo- Saxon life as there are numerous sources e.g. archaeologists have found old tlements and excavated artefacts like belt buckles, swords, bowls and children's toys. Written records have survived e.g. story Beowulf
s question will encourage children to make links to what they already know and, in some cases, encourage the children to k at history from a different perspective.
re the Anglo-Saxons beneficial to Britain?